



# Validation of the investigational assay in clinical cohorts

**RHU CirB-RNA** 

International workshop on viral biomarkers

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## The CirB-RNA Prospective clinical cohort,

**France-Italy** 





Roche Diag. Pleasanton, USA



Samples, Clinical data



Testing on the Cobas 6800 in the Clinical Virology Lab (Lyon)

## Hospices Civils de Lyon



- Hepatology Department
- Infectious Diseases Department
- Paediatric Gastroenterology, Hepatology and Nutrition Department



### Italy

- Milano
- Palermo

ANR-17- RHUS-0003 cirB-RNA cohort



## Performance of the cobas<sup>®</sup> HBV RNA automated investigational assay for the detection and quantification of circulating HBV RNA in chronic HBV patients

Scholtès C. et al. Journal of Clinical Virology 150-151 (2022) 105150

cobas 6800<sup>®</sup>





#### Untreated <sup>a</sup> **NUC-treated** Total Ν 36 20 56 Age range (years) 19-77 19-72 Genotype 2 3 5 2 В 4 6 С 3 7 15 D 11 4 E 12 4 16 F 2 3 0 2 3 unkhown 8 21 HBeAg status positive 13 12 negative 23 35 HBV DNA >LLOQ 36 12 48 <LLOQ, >LOD 5 5 0 <LOD 3 3 0 not done mean HBV DNA (log<sub>10</sub> IU/mL)<sup>b</sup> 5.49 2.97 4.86

#### **Table S1. Patient sample characteristics**

RB-RNA 🔘

#### Table 1

#### Analytical sensitivity.

| HBV RNA<br>concentration<br>(copies/mL) | N positive/N<br>valid<br>replicates<br>(plasma) | % positive<br>(plasma) | N positive/N<br>valid<br>replicates<br>(serum) | %<br>positive<br>(serum) |  |
|---|---|------------------------|--|--------------------------|--|
| 20                                      | 84/84   | 100                    | 84/84  | 100                      |  |
| 15                                      | 84/84   | 100                    | 84/84  | 100                      |  |
| 10                                      | 83/83   | 100                    | 84/84  | 100                      |  |
| 5                                       | 82/84   | 97.6                   | 83/84  | 98.8                     |  |
| 2.5                                     | 75/83   | 90.4                   | 75/84  | 89.3                     |  |
| 1.25                                    | 65/84   | 77.4                   | 49/84  | 58.3                     |  |
| 0                                       | 0/84  | 0                      | 0/84   | 0                        |  |
| LOD by PROBIT                           | 3.3 copies/mL (95% CI: 2.6 –                    |                        | 3.3 copies/mL (95% CI: 2.7 –                   |                          |  |
| analysis (95%                           | 4.8 copies/mL)                                  |                        | 4.5 copies/mL)                                 |                          |  |
| Reactive Rate)                          |   |                        |  |                          |  |
| LOD by Hit Rate                         | 5 copies/mL (92                                 | 7.6%)                  | 5 copies/mL (98                                | 8.8%)                    |  |





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The Roche HBV RNA investigational assay meets all the analytical criteria required:

- high throughput,
- precise
- sensitive
- broad linear range
- genotype inclusive
- specific



## The CirB-RNA Prospective clinical cohort, => real-life



- HBV infected Patients:
  - Acute hepatitis B
  - Chronic infection: all phases of infection and disease as defined by the EASL guidelines

|                 | HBeAg positive<br>Chronic <u>infection</u> | HBeAg positive<br>Chronic <u>hepatitis</u> | HBeAg negative<br>Chronic <u>infection</u> | HBeAg negative<br>Chronic <u>hepatitis</u> |
|-----------------|--|--|--|--|
| HBsAg           | High                                       | High/Intermediate                          | Low  | Intermediate                               |
| HBeAg           | Positive                                   | Positive                                   | Negative                                   | Negative                                   |
| HBV DNA         | >10E7 IU/mL                                | 10E4-10E7 IU/mL                            | <2,000 IU/mL°°                             | >2,000 IU/mL                               |
| ALT             | Normal                                     | Elevated                                   | Normal                                     | Elevated*                                  |
| Liver disease   | None/minimal                               | Moderate/severe                            | None                                       | Moderate/severe                            |
| Old terminology | Immune tolerant                            | Immune reactive<br>HBeAg positive          | Inactive carrier                           | HBeAg negative<br>Chronic hepatitis        |

- Patients with HBsAg loss (functional cure): either spontaneously or after treatment with currently available antivirals (NUCs or IFN)
- Co-infections with HDV, HCV, HIV

## Cross-sectional study of serum HBV RNA and HBcrAg in the first 1500 patients enrolled in the RHU real-life prospective cohort

The baseline results presented here were obtained in the first 1503 patients enrolled in Lyon and Milan until April 2021

Eastern Europe: Western Europe: 112 (5 %) 1001 (46 %) Asia: 778 (14%) North Africa: Americas: Americas Other 146 (7%) 13 (1%) Sub-Saharan Africa: Asia 570 (26%) Europe Africa 400-24 % Other: 11 (1%) 300-2146/2196 Patients # patients 14 % 200 9% 100 3% Е F В G А С D Genotypes



Geographical origin & HBV genotypes distribution

## RB-RNA

## **CirB-RNA** according to CHB phases



CirB-RNA positive in: ✓ 92% of HBeAg(+)\* ✓ 37% of HBeAg(-) ✓ 38% of NUC-treated patients

\* all the negative ones were NUC-suppressed

CI: chronic infection; CH: chronic hepatitis; Ttx: NUC-treatment; intVL: patients with serum HBV DNA values >2000 IU/ml and <20000 IU/ml

Kruskal Wallis test, α threshold=0.5. \*p<0.05; \*\*p<0.01; \*\*\*p<0.001



## **CirB-RNA** according to HBV genotype





Genotype C infected patients showed the highest median values for CirB-RNA (w/o difference in serum HBV DNA)

*Kruskal Wallis test, α threshold*=0.5. \**p*<0.05; \*\**p*<0.01; \*\*\**p*<0.001

## **Correlations between CirB-RNA & serum HBV markers**





#### **NUC-treated patients**



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**Discrepancies between CirB-RNA and HBcrAg quantification** 



Subgroups of HBeAg(-) patients show discordant results in CirB-RNA and HBcrAg detection

#### CirB-RNA positive – HBcrAg negative: 213 patients (14%)



#### CirB-RNA negative – HBcrAg positive: 250 patients (17%)





## Perspectives

## Identify which clinical context will benefit from HBV RNA quantification?



- Follow-up visits will ascertain the predictive value of these novel biomarkers in refining subcategories of patients and predicting functional cure and also help clarify if it can be used to guide treatment discontinuation
  - Deep analyses of **selected patients** with discrepancy detection in CirB-RNA and HBcrAg will inform on the differential biological/clinical information provided by CirB RNA and HBcrAg assays

## Do CirB RNA reflect cccDNA transcriptional activity?

## Analysis of CirB-RNAs in specific patients' populations

Cohort #1: untreated chronically infected patients from Sub-Saharan Africa (Gambia) 190 patients, 95 liver biopsies

LIFICA

B. Testoni

Cohort #2: liver transplanted patients, prospective study of HBV kinetics (Ecogreffe study, France)
 41 patients with FU, 2 time-points

Cohort #3: Long-term kinetics of circulating HBV RNA level among persons living with HIV and HBV treated with tenofovir in the Swiss HIV cohort Study (Switzerland, Paris) 455 patients with FU, up to 5 time-points

Cohort #4: HBV/HDV co-infected patients (Lyon-Milan): 380 patients

P. Lampertico





| b                                 |                 |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|
| U                                 | SWISS           |
|                                   | HIV             |
| UNIVERSITÄT<br>BERN               | COHORT<br>STUDY |
| Hôpital<br>Saint-Antoine<br>AP-HP |                 |





B. Testoni

L. Begré

## **Analysis of CirB-RNAs in specific patients' populations**

- Cohort #5: NUC-treated cirrhotic patients with HCC (Milan, Italy) 24 patients with FU, 2 time-points
- Cohort #5: untreated HBeAg negative CHB patients with or without ALT flares (Pisa, Italy) 117 patients with FU, up to 5 time-points
- Cohort #6: HBeAg negative infection patients, never treated with or without HBsAg loss and patients with persistent viremia (<20000 IU/ml + normal ALT) (Pisa, Italy) 346 patients with FU, up to 112 time-points

Cohort #7: treated HBeAg negative CHB patients with or without cirrhosis (Pisa, Italy) 249 patients with FU, at least 6 time-points

Cohort #8: CHB patients vaccinated with VVX001 (Viravaxx, Austria) 32 patients with FU, up to 10 time-points

Cohort #9: Proof of concept trial IP-cure B















## Aknowledgments



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## HCL HOSPICES CIVILS

## all the patients

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